S M A & Co. Chartered Accountants

191-R, Cavel Cross Lane No. 9 2nd Floor, Dr. Viegas Street Kalbadevi, Mumbai – 400 002

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Members of Reliance Lighter than Air Systems Private Limited (Formerly known as Pipavav Lighter than Air Systems Private Limited)

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Reliance Lighter than Air Systems Private Limited** ('the Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in India, including the Ind AS notified pursuant to the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 Section 133 read with section 469 of the Companies Act, 2013.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and the matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's management and Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2016; its Loss and its Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company, so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply materially with the applicable accounting standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e. On the basis of written representations received from the Directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2016 from being appointed as Director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) There are no pending ongoing litigations as at the reporting date.
 - ii) Based upon the assessment made by the Company, there are no material foreseeable losses on its long-term contracts that may require any provisioning;
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("CARO 2016") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of CARO 2016.

For S M A & Co.

Chartered Accountants Regn.No.018452C

Vimmy^vDdshi Partner

Membership No. 144376

Place: Mumbai Date: May 13,

: May 13, 2016

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Reliance Lighter than Air Systems Private Limited** (Pipavav Lighter than Air Systems Private Limited) ("the Company") as of March 31, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation

of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S M A & Co. Chartered Accountants

Regn.NØ 018452C

Vimmy Partner

Membership No. 144376

Place : Mumbai Date

: May 13, 2016

ANNEXURE -B TO INDEPENDENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Referred to in our Report of even date on the Accounts of Reliance Lighter than Air Systems Private Limited for the year ended March 31, 2016

- i) The Company has no fixed assets hence clause 3(i) of the Order is not applicable.
- ii) As explained to us, there is no inventory hence clause 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii) According to the information and explanations given, the Company has not granted any loan to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained pursuant to section 189 of the Act. Hence clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable.
- iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has no loans and investments made during the year hence clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- vi) As informed to us, no cost records have been prescribed by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Act.
- (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing with appropriate authority undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, sales tax, value added tax, duty of customs, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues during the year. Further no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, sales tax, value added tax, duty of customs, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2016 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us there are no statutory dues pending on account of any dispute.
- viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loans or borrowing from a financial institution, bank, Government or debenture holders during the year.
- ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi) According to the information and explanations give to us, the Company has not paid/provided any managerial remuneration during the year.
- xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv) As per the information and explanations given, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For S M A & Co. Chartered Accountants

Regn.No.018452C •

Vimmy Doshi Partner Membership No. 144376

Place: Mumbai Date: May 13, 2016



	Particulars	Note	As at 31st Marc	n 2014	As at 31st Marc	h 2016	As at 1st April 2	Rs in La
	Tulleolais	Hole	As at 5131 maic	1 2010	AS QI STSI MQIC	H 2015	As dr 1st April 2	1014
l	ASSETS							
1)	Current Assets							
	Inventories	2	<u>-</u>		181.83		<u> </u>	
			-		181.83		-	
	Financial Assets	•	4= 1.0					
	Cash and Cash Equivalants	3	67.12		13.87		1.60	
	Other Bank Balances	4	62.00		-			
	•		129.12		13.87		1.60	
	Other Current Assets	5	3,79		31.00		12,40	
		-	o ,	132.91	01.00	226.70	12,40	14.0
						225.70		17.0
	TOTAL			132,91		226.70		14.0
11	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES							
#1	EQUIT AND LIABILITIES							
(1)	EQUITY							
• •	Equity Share Capital	6	14.00		14.00		1.00	
	Other Equity		(10.57)		(1,33)		(0.15)	
	, ,		3.43		12.67		0.85	
	Share Application Money Pending Allotme	ent	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		13.00	
	LIABILTIES						13.00	
	Current Liabilities Financial Liabilities							
	Short Term Borrowings	7	70.08		00.07			
	Trade Payables	8	70.06		32.27 181.51		-	
	Other Current Financial Liabilities	9	7.65		101.31		-	
		′ –	77.73	_	213.78			
			77.75		213,70		-	
	Other Current Liabilities	10	51.75		0.25		0.15	
				132.91		226.70		14.0
	TOTAL	•	<u></u>	132.91		226.70	_	14.0
	ificant Accounting Polcies	1						



Particulars
Significant Accounting Policies
Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 2 to 22

As per our report of even date

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors

for S M A & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 018452C

Vimmy Doshi

Partner

Membership No 144376

Place: Mumbai Date: May 13, 2016



Sridhar Krishnamurthy

Director

Arup Gupta Director

Ajit Dabholkar Director



Place: Mumbai

		for the year ended	Rs In Lac
Particulars	Nofe	31st March 2016	31st March 2015
REVENUE			
Net Revenue from Operation	11	590.48	_
Other Income .	12	3.34	0.3
1	Total Revenue	593.82	0.3
EXPENSES			
Cost of Material Consumed	13	185.78	
Finance Costs	14	10.90	
Other Expenses	15	406,38	1.5
To	otal Expenses	603.06	1.5
rofit / (Loss) before Tax	,	(9.24)	(1.1
ax Expense			
Current Tax		-	_
Deferred Tax			
oss After Tax		(9.24)	{1.1
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE IINCOME			
other Comprehensive Income to be rectassified to profit o	and loss in subsequent year	-	-
other Comprehensive Income not to be reclassified to pro	ofit and loss in subsequent year	-	-
otal Other Comprehensive Income for the year			
otal Comprehensive income for the year		(9.24)	(1.1
Eamings per Equity share of Rs. 10/- each	19		
Basic (In Rupees)		(6.60)	3.0)
Diluted (In Rupees)		(06.60)	3.0)
ignificant Accounting Policies	1		
Notes to Financial Statements	2 to 22		



Particulars
Significant Accounting Policies
Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 2 to 22

As per our report of even date

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors

for S M A & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 018452C

Vimmy Doshi

Partner

Membership No 144376

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 13, 2016



Sridhar Krishnamurthy

Director

Arup Gupta Director

Ajit Dabholkar Director

THE THE STATE OF T

Place: Mumbai

(formerly known as Reliance Lighter than Air Systems private Ltd)

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31st 2016

A Equity Share Capital

				Rs in Lacs
Particulars	As at March 3	31st 2016	As at March :	31st 2015
	No of Shares	Amount	No of Shares	Amount
Equity shares at the beginning of the year	140,000	14.00	140,000	14.00
Add: Shares Issued during the year		<u> </u>	-	_
Equity shares at the end of the year	140,000	14.00	1 40,000	14.00

B Other Equity

Particulars		Rs in Lacs
	Retained Earning	Total
As at 01 April, 2014	(0.15)	(0.15)
Profit for the year As at 31 March, 2015	(1.18)	(1.18)
Profit for the year	(1.33)	(1.33)
Troil for the year	(9.24)	(9.24)
As at 31 March, 2016	(10.57)	(10.57)

During the year, the Company has incurred losses which has resulted into erosion of the Company's net worth. The management feels that this erosion is temporary in nature and the Company's future business plans and prospects will help the Company to turn around in future, hence the Company continued to prepare its Financial Statements on going concern basis.



As per our report of even date

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors

for S M A & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 018452C

Vimmy Doshi

Partner

Membership No 144376

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 13, 2016

MUMBA!

Sridhar Krishnamurthy

Director

Arup Gupta Director

Ajit Dabholkar Director

Place: Mumbai

			Rs in Lucs
Sr No	Particulars	2015 - 2016	2014 - 2015
Α	Cash Flow from Operating Activities		"
	Net Profit/(loss) before Tax	(9.24)	(1.18
	Adjustments for:-	ν,	,,,,,
	Finance Cost	10.90	
	Interest income	(3.34)	
	Exchange Gain	`- '	(0.31
	Operating profit before working capital changes	(1.68)	(1.18
	Adjusted for		
	(Increase)/Decrease in Loans & Advances and Other Assets	30.55	(18.60
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	181.83	(181.83
	Increase/(Decrease) in Current Liabilities	51.50	214,19
	Trade Receivables	-	-
	Trade Payables	(181.51)	
	Cash Generated from Operations	80.69	12.58
	Direct Taxes (Paid) / Refund	<u>.</u>	-
	Net Cash from/(used in) Operating Activities	80.69	
В	Cash Flow from Investing Activities Interest Income		
	Net Cash used in Investing Activities		
С	Cash Flow from Financing Activities	-	
•	Short Term Loan (net)	07.01	
	Finance Cost Paid	37.81	
	Margin Money (net)	(3.25)	-
		(62.00)	
	Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities	(27.44)	
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	53.25	12.27
	Cash & Cash Equivalents - Opening balance	13.87	1,60
	Cash & Cash Equivalents - Closing balance	67.12	



Notes

- 1. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "indirect method" as set out in Ind AS 7 Statement of Cash flows.
- 2. Figures in brackets indicate outflow.
- 3. Previous Year figures have been regrouped / rearranged / recasted wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of current year.

As per our report of even date

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Arup Gupta

Director

RYE ALA

for S M A & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 018452C

Vimmy Doshi

Partner

Membership No 144376

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 13, 2016

Ajit Dabholkar Director

Sridhar Krishnamurthy

Director

olkal

Place: Mumbai

(formerly known as Pipavav Lighter Than Air Systems Private Limited)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note - 1

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a General Information

Reliance Engineering and Defence Services Limited was incorporated on November 25, 2013. The name of the Company got changed from Pipavav Engineering and Defence Services Limited during the year and fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), Government of India on March 11, 2016. The Company is domiciled in India having registered office at Survey no 658, Village Ramupura II, Via-Rajula, District Amreli (Gujarat).

b Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind ~ AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, on the accrual basis. These Financial Statements are the Company's first Ind AS Financial Statements and as covered by Ind AS 101, 'First-time adoption of Indian Accounting Standard'. For all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company has prepared its Financial Statements in accordance with Indian GAAP, including accounting standards (AS) notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended), which is considered as "Previous GAAP". An explanation of how the transition to Ind-AS has affected the Company's equity and its net profits is provided in note no 19.

c Functional and Presentation Currency:

The Financial Statements are presented in Indian rupees which is the functional currency for the Company.

d Use of Estimates:

The preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with Ind - AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. The actual amounts realised may differ from these estimates. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Differences between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialised and if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements.

Current Versus Non Current Classification;

- i. The assets and liabilities in the balance sheet are based on current/ non-current classification. An asset as current when it is:
 - 1 Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
 - 2 Held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - 3 Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - 4 Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Ii A liability is current when:

- 1 It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- 2 It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- 3 It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- 4 There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- 5 All other liabilities are treated as non-current.
- iii Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

f Significant Accounting Policies:

i Fair Value Measurement:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an assets or settle a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the maesurement date. The fair value of an assets or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the assets or liability, acting in their best economic interest. The fair value of plant and equipments as at transition date have been taken based on valuation performed by an independent technical expert. The Company used valuation techniques which were appropriate in circumstances and for which sufficient data were available considiring the expected loss/profit in case of financial assets or liabilities.

ii Revenue Recognition:

Revenue from operation include income from sale of goods, services & service tax and is net of value added tax and sales tax recovered. Revenue from sale of goods and services is recognised considiring the following steps:

- identify the Contract with Customer
- identify the performance obligations in the contract
- determining the transaction price
- allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contarct
- recognise revenue when the entity satisfies a peroformance obligation

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis. Dividend is considered when the right to receive is established, insurance and other claims are recognised as revenue on certainty of receipt on prudent basis.

Where the financing element is significant in the transaction price of a long term contract, the revenue are recognised considiring the time value of money.

iii inventory:

The inventories i.e. Raw Materials, Stores and Spares, Work in progress and Finished Goods etc. have been valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost of Inventories comprise of all costs of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition. The cost of steel plates, plates, equipments is determined on Specific Identification Method and other raw materials & stores & spares at Weighted Average Method. The cost of Work-in-progress and Finished Stock is determined on absorption costing method. Scrap is valued at net realisable value.

(formerly known as Pipavav Lighter Than Air Systems Private Limited)

Notes to Financial Statements

ly Provision for Current and Deferred Tax:

Provision for current tax is made after taking into consideration benefits admissible under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred tax are recognized for the future tax consequences of deductable temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases at the reporting date, using the tax rate and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted as on reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and credits can be utilised. Deferred tax relating to items recognised in other comprehencive income and directly in equity is recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction.

v Provision for Doubtful Debts and Loans and Advances:

Provision is made in the accounts for doubtful debts, loans and advances in cases where the management considers the debts, loans and advances to be doubtful of recovery.

vi Provision, Contigent Liabilites and Contigent Assets:

A provision is recognized if as a result of a past event the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Contingent Liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes. Contingent Assets are not recognised but disclosed in the Financial Statements when economic inflow is probable.

vii Prelimnary and Issue Expenses:

Preliminary Expenses related to issue of equity and equity related instruments are adjusted against the Securities Premium.

Note - 2

			Rs in Lucs
Particulars		As at 31st March 2016 As at 31st March 2015	As at 1st April 2014
Raw Materials in Transit		- 181.83	
	Total	- 181.83	

Note - 3 CASH AND CASH EQUILAVANTS

			<u> </u>	Rs in Lacs
Particulars		- As at 31st March 2016	As at 31st March 2015	As at 1st April 2014
Balances with Bank - in Current Account	-	67.12	13.87	1.60
	Total	67.12	13.87	1,60

Note - 4 OTHER BANK BALANCES

					Rs in Lacs
Particulars			As at 31st March 2016	As at 31st March 2015	As at 1st April 2014
Balances with Bank					
- in Fixed Deposit		•	62.00	~	-
	Total		62.00	<u> </u>	

Fixed Deposits of Rs. 62.00 lacs (Previous Year: NIL) have maturity period of more than twelve months and pledged with banks as margin money for bank guarantees.

Note - 5 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

P. W. d.		·		Rs in Lacs
Particulars		As at 31st March 2016	As at 31st March 2015	As at 1st April 2014
Earnest Money Deposit			31.00	12.40
Sales Tax Deposit		0.45	-	_
Interest Accrued on FDR		3.34	-	-
	Total	3.79	31.00	12.40
	•			



(formerly known as Pipavav Lighter Than Air Systems Private Limited)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note - 6 SHARE CAPITAL

		Rs in Lucs
Particulars	As at 31st March 2016 As at 31st March 2015	As at 1st April 2014
Equity Shares		
Authorised		
1,50,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	15.00 15.00	1.00
Issued Subscribed and fully paid up		
140,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	14.00. 14.00	1.00
	14.00 14.00	1.00

6.1 Reconcillation of Number of Equity shares outstanding at the beginning and as at 31st March 2016

Parliculars	As at 31st Ma	rch 2016	As at 31st March 2015		
	No of Shares	Rs in Lacs	No of Shares	Rs In Lacs	
No. of shares at the beginning of the year	140,000	14.00	10,000	1,00	
Add: Shares alloted during the year		-	130,000	13.00	
No. of shares at the end of the year	140,000	14.00	140,000	14.00	

6.2 Shareholders holding more than 5% No. of Shares

Shares held by	No. of Shares	% Holding	No. of Shares	% Holding
Reliance Defence and Engineering Limited-Holding Company	140,000	100,00%	140,000	100.00%

6.3 Terms and Rights attached to Equity Shares.

The Company has only one class of Equity Share having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the company, the equity share holders will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amount. The distribution will be in proportionate to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note - 7 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

		-		Rs in Lacs
Particulars		As at 31st March 2016	As at 31st March 2015	As at 1st April 2014
Loan from holding Company		70.08	32,27	-
	Total	70.08	32.27	-

7.1 During the year, the Company has incurred losses which has resulted into erosion of the Company's net worth. The management feels that this erosion is temporary in nature and the Company's future business plans and prospects will help the Company to turn around in future, hence the Company continued to prepare its Financial Statements on going concern basis.

Note - 8 TRADE PAYABLES

-			Rs in Lucs
Particulars	As at 31st March 2016	As at 31st March 2015	As at 1st April 2014
Micro Small and Medium Enterprises	-		
Others	-	181.51	~
Total		181.51	

8.1 There are no Micro and Small Enterprises to whom the Company owes dues which are outstanding as at March 31st, 2016. This information as required to be disclosed under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Note - 9 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at 31st March 2016 As at 31st March 2015	As at 1st April 2014
nterest Accrued but not due	7.65 -	-
Total	7.65 -	

Note - 10

11010	. 10 .	
OTHER	CURRENT LIABILITIES	ì

As at 31st March 2016	As at 31st March 2015	Rs in Lacs As at 1st April 2014
51,33	-	
0.42	0.25	0.15
51.75	0.25	0.15
	51.33 0.42	0.42 0.25

Notes to Financial Statements

Note - 11	
REVENUE FROM OPERATION	í

Particulars		for the year ended 31st March 2016	Rs In Lucs for the year ended 31st March 2015
Repair and Fabrication		620.00	
Less: -Service Tax Recovered		29.52	-
			-
	Total	590.48	

Note - 12 OTHER INCOME

Particulars	<u> </u>	for the year ended 31st March 2016	Rs in Lacs for the year ended 31st March 2015
Interest Income		3.34	0.04
Exchange Gain/(Loss)		-	0.31
	Total	3.34	- 0.35

Note - 13 Cost of Raw Material Consumed

Particulars		for the year ended 31st March 2016	Rs in Lacs for the year ended 31st March 2015
Equipments (Imported)		185.78	
	Total	185.78	

Note - 14 FINANCE COSTS

Particulars		for the year ended 31st March 2016	Rs in Lacs for the year ended 31st March 2015
Interest Expenses		10.90	
	Total	10.90	

Note - 15 OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars		for the year ended 31st March 2016	Rs in Lacs for the year ended 31st March 2015
Labour & Fabrication Charges		398.56	-
Payment to Auditors		0.22	0.11
Bank Charges		0.23	0.01
Printing & Stationery		0.01	
Legal & professional fees		0.02	0.20
Exchange Gain/(Loss)		6.85	-
Filing Fees		' 0.36	1.03
Stamp Duty Expenses		-	0.18
Car Hire Charges		0.03	_
Miscellenous Expenses		0.10	-
	Total .	406.38	1.53

15.1

			Rs in Lac
Particulars		for the year ended 31st March 2016	for the year ended 31st March 2015
Audit Fees	-	0.22	0.11
Others		-	-
	Total	0.22	0,11



(formerly known as Pipavav Lighter Than Air Systems Private Limited)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note - 16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Particulars	for the year ended 31st March 2016	Rs in Lacs for the year ended 31st March 2015
Guarantees given by Company's Bankers Refund Bank Guarantees given to Customers (Net of liabilities accounted for)	62.00	
Total	62.00	

Note - 17

In the opinion of the management, Current Assets and Loans and advances are of the value stated, if realised in the ordinary course of the business.

Note - 18 Related Party Disclosures

a) List of Related partiesi) Holding Company

Reliance Defence and Engineering Limited

ii) Fellow Subsidiaries

E-Complex Private Limited
PDOC Pte. Ltd.
Reliance Marine and Offshore Limited

Reliance Marine and Offshore Limited
Reliance Technologies and Systems Private Limited
Reliance Engineering and Defence Services Limited

b) Terms and Conditions of transactions with related parties

The Transactions from related parties are made on arm's length price. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest have been accounted on market rate except the advances which is merely reimbursment of expenses. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

c) Transactions with related parties for the year ended 31st March 2016

Reliance Defence and Engineering Limited		Rs in Lucs
Particulars	2015 - 2016	2014 - 2015
Share Application Money		
Opening Balance	•	13.00
Received during the year	<u>-</u>	-
Share alloted during the year	<u>-</u>	13.00
Closing Balance	-	-
Short Term Borrowings	70.08	32.27
Interest Expenses	8,50	J2.2/
Interest accrued but not due	7.65	- -

Note - 19 Earnings per share (Basic and Diluted)

				Rs in Lucs
Particulars		2015 - 2016		2014 - 2015
Net Profit / (Loss) after Tax		(9.24)		(1.18)
Amount available for calculation of Basic and diluted EPS	(a)	(9.24)	(a)	(1.18)
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares outstanding for Basic and Diluted EPS	(b)	140,000	(b)	140,000
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share of Rs. 10/- each (in Rs.)	(a) / (b)	(6.60)	(a) / (b)	(0.84)



(formerly known as Pipavav Lighter Than Air Systems Private Limited)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note - 20

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLOCIES:

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include Investment, and cash and bank balances that derive directly from its operations.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk; interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, FVTOCI investments and derivative financial instruments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The

Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates,

Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy.

Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved authorities. Credit limits of all authorities are reviewed by the Management on regular basis.

Liquidity risk

The Company monitors its risk of a shortage of funds using a liquidity planning tool.

Note - 21

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT:

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current year.

Note - 22

FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF Ind-AS:

Pursuant to the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, the Company has voluntarily adopted March 31, 2016 as reporting date for first time adoption of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) and consequently April 1, 2014 as the transition date for preparation of financial statements. The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016, are the first financials, prepared in accordance with Ind-AS. Upto the Financial year ended March 31, 2015, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with previous GAAP, including accounting standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standard) Rule, 2006. For preparing these financial statements, opening balance sheet was prepared as at April 1, 2014 i.e. the date of transition to Ind-AS. The figures for the previous periods and for the year ended March 31, 2015 have been restated, regrouped and reclassified, wherever required to comply with Ind-AS and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and to make them comparable.



As per our report of even date

for S M A & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 018452C

Vimmy Doshi

Partner

Membership No 144376

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 13, 2016



for and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sridhar Krishnamurthy

Director

Arup Gupta Director

Ajit Dabholkar Director



Place: Mumbai